

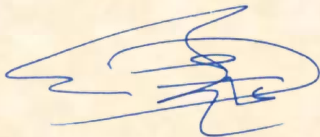
ATTESTATION OF CONFORMITY

ISSUED TO	: Mungo Befestigungstechnik AG Bornfeldstrasse 2, CH-4603 Olten, Switzerland Represented by: Bright Star Construction Materials LLC Dubai, UAE
PRODUCT(S) DESCRIPTION	: Mungo Injection System MIT-600RE Pure Epoxy for rebar connection. System for post-installed rebar connection with mortar. Please see details as per ETA-12/0546
MANUFACTURED BY	: Mungo Befestigungstechnik AG Bornfeldstrasse 2, CH-4603 Olten, Switzerland
APPLICABLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS / REQUIREMENTS	: European Technical Assessment Document (EAD) EAD 33087-00-0601 as per EU Regulation 305/2011
CONFORMITY CERTIFICATE DETAILS	:
CERTIFICATE NUMBER	: ETA-12/0546
CERTIFICATE TITLE	: European Technical Assessment
ISSUED BY	: Deutsches Institut fur Bautechnik (DIBt) D-10829 Berlin, Germany
EVALUATION REPORT NO	: RA17060005

ATTESTATION

Dubai Central Laboratory Department hereby attests that the product(s) described above conforms to the requirements of the applicable standard specifications / requirements.

This attestation is based solely on the review and verification of the validity and authenticity of the Product Conformity Certificate and as per Evaluation Report as mentioned above. **This attestation shall not be used when the Product Conformity Certificate becomes invalid at any time.**



ARIF HUSAIN AL MARZOOQI
Head of Products Conformity Assessment Section
Dubai Central Laboratory Department



Attestation No: VA17060005
Date Issued: 16 Nov 2017
Valid Up To: 15 Nov 2018

*This Attestation of Conformity is in accordance with Certification Scheme Type N as described in ISO/IEC 17067: 2012
"Conformity assessment – Fundamentals of product certification and guidelines for product certification schemes."*

*This Attestation is an electronic document and shall not be reproduced except in full. Any alteration shall invalidate this document.
The Evaluation Report mentioned above including its attachments forms an integral part of this Attestation.*

DUBAI CENTRAL LABORATORY DEPARTMENT
VERIFICATION AND ATTESTATION SERVICE - EVALUATION REPORT

VAS EVALUATION REPORT NO.	RA17060005
DATE:	15-11-2017
VAS APPLICATION NO.	AP17060008
COMPANY NAME	Mungo Befestigungstechnik AG Olten, Switzerland
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	Mungo Injection System MIT-600RE Pure Epoxy for rebar connection. System for post-installed rebar connection with mortar. Please see details as per ETA-12/0546

DETAILS OF VERIFICATION AND EVALUATION:

DOCUMENT(S) VERIFIED	VERIFICATION DETAILS	RESULT	REMARKS
ETA-12/0546 European Technical Assessment for Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection	The Conformity Certificate was verified through the EOTA website: https://www.eota.eu/pages/et-assessments/default.aspx Printout of approval attached.	The Conformity Certificate is Valid and applicable to above product.	Meets requirements of European Technical Assessment Document EAD 33087-00-0601 as per EU Regulation 305/2011

FINAL RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended to issue Attestation of Conformity to the Applicant.

“This recommendation is based on the full compliance with the requirements in the RD-DP33-6001 “General Rules for Verification and Attestation Service.”

EVALUATED BY	NOTED & APPROVED BY
(SGD*) EDWIN TAN PALMA Principal Products Quality Specialist	(SGD*) NEDA MAHMOUD AL AWADHI Head, Certification Unit
Date: 15/11/2017	Date: 15/11/2017

**NOTE: This is an electronic document and does not require any signature.*

attached: ETA-12/0546, Printout from EOTA website
Distributor Certificate for Bright Star Construction Materials LLC

Approval body for construction products
and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and
Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-12/0546
of 13 December 2016

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the
European Technical Assessment:

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Trade name of the construction product

Mungo injection system MIT600RE
for rebar connection

Product family
to which the construction product belongs

System for post installed rebar
connection with mortar

Manufacturer

Mungo Befestigungstechnik AG
Bornfeldstrasse 2
4603 OLTEN
SCHWEIZ

Manufacturing plant

Mungo 2

This European Technical Assessment
contains

17 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part
of this assessment

This European Technical Assessment is
issued in accordance with Regulation (EU)
No 305/2011, on the basis of

European Assessment Document (EAD)
330087-00-0601

European Technical Assessment

ETA-12/0546

English translation prepared by DIBt

Page 2 of 17 | 13 December 2016

The European Technical Assessment is issued by the Technical Assessment Body in its official language. Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and shall be identified as such.

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This European Technical Assessment may be withdrawn by the issuing Technical Assessment Body, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission in accordance with Article 25(3) of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.

Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "Mungo Injection system MIT600RE for rebar connection" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter ϕ from 8 to 40 mm according to Annex A and injection mortar MIT600RE are used for rebar connections. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the anchor of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Amplification factor α_{lb} , Bond resistance f_{bd}	See Annex C1

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	The products satisfy requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C2

3.3 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)

Regarding dangerous substances there may be requirements (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions) applicable to the products falling within the scope of this European Technical Assessment. In order to meet the provisions of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3.4 Safety in use (BWR 4)

The essential characteristics regarding Safety in use are included under the Basic Works Requirement Mechanical resistance and stability.

English translation prepared by DIBt

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-00-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system(s) to be applied is (are): 1

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 13 December 2016 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Andreas Kummerow
p.p. Head of Department

beglaubigt:
Baderschneider

Figure A1: Overlapping joint for rebar connections of slabs and beams

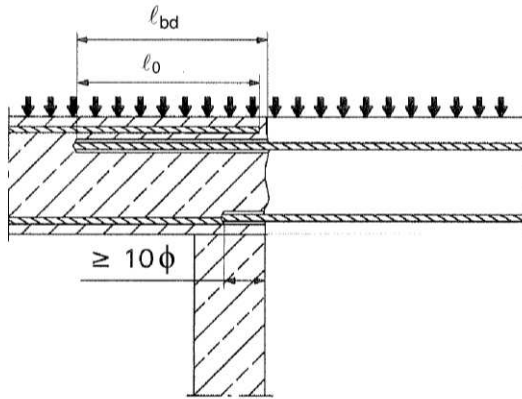


Figure A2: Overlapping joint at a foundation of a wall or column where the rebars are stressed in tension

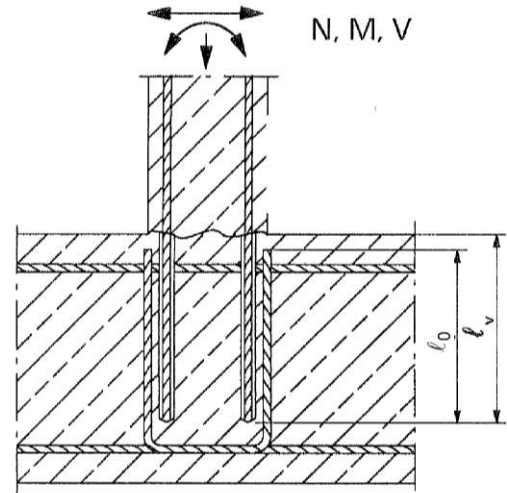


Figure A3: End anchoring of slabs or beams (e.g. designed as simply supported)

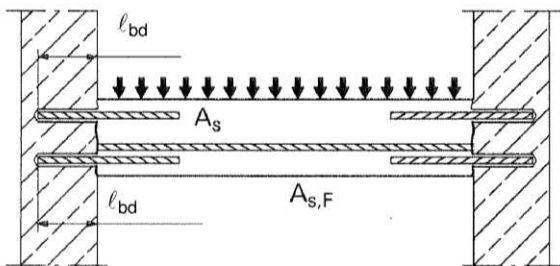


Figure A4: Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression. The rebars are stressed in compression

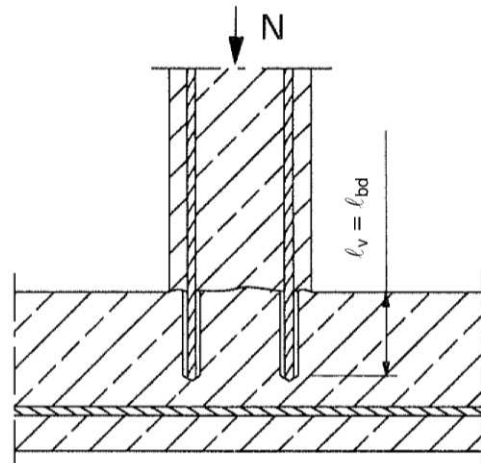
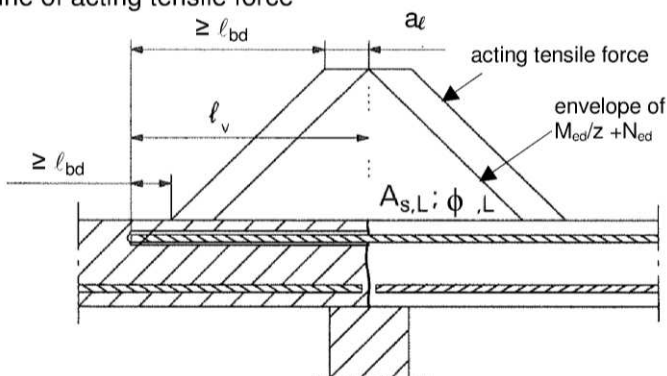


Figure A5: Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the line of acting tensile force



Note to Figure A1 to A5:

In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2

Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

Product description

Installed condition and examples of use for rebars

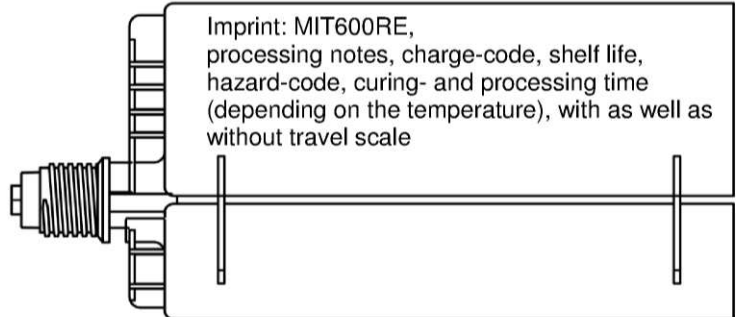
Annex A 1

Mungo Injection System MIT600RE:

Injection mortar: MIT600RE

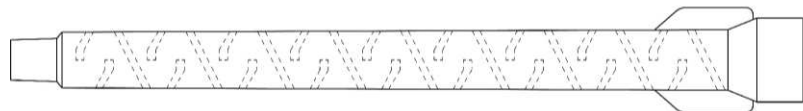
Type "side-by-side":

385 ml, 444ml, 585 ml, 999 ml
and 1400 ml



Static Mixer

TAH 18W



Piston plug and mixer extension



Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8, ø10, ø12, ø14, ø16, ø20, ø22, ø24, ø25, ø28, ø32, ø34, ø36, ø40



- Minimum value of related rip area $f_{R,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
- Rib height of the bar shall be in the range $0,05\phi \leq h \leq 0,07\phi$
(ϕ : Nominal diameter of the bar; h: Rip height of the bar)

Table A1: Materials

Designation	Material
Rebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C	Bars and de-coiled rods class B or C f_{yk} and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA:2013 $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$
Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection	
Product description Injection mortar / Static mixer / Rebar Materials	Annex A 2

Specifications of intended use

Anchorage subject to:

- Static and quasi-static loads.
- Fire exposure

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Maximum chloride concrete of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of $\phi + 60$ mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.

The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Temperature Range:

- - 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C).

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.
- Anchorages under static or quasi-static actions are designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 and Annex B2.
- Anchorages under fire exposure are designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008.

Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete.
- It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill, compressed air drill or diamond drill mode.
- The installation of post-installed rebar shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

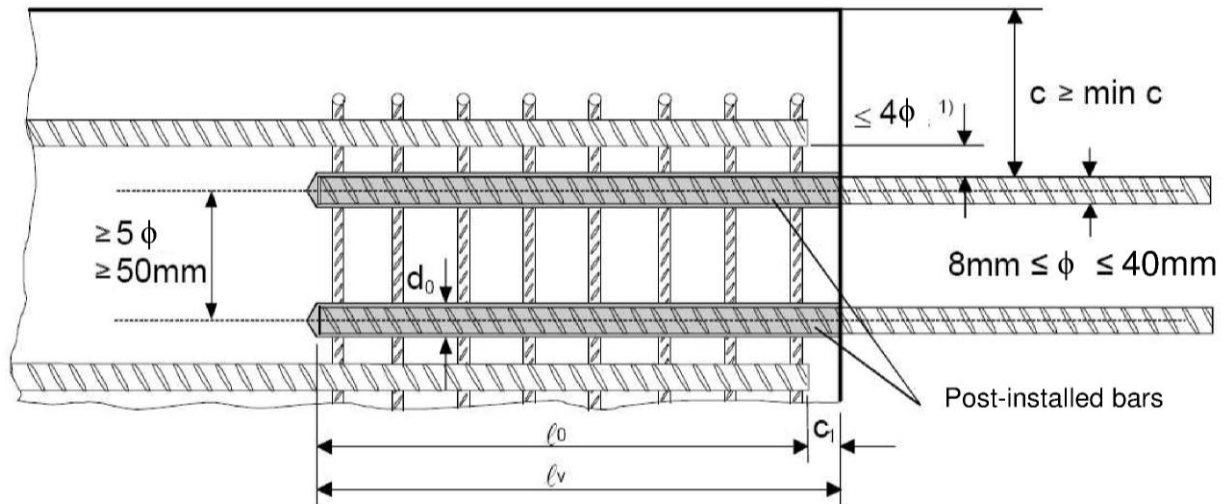
Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

Intended use
Specifications

Annex B 1

Figure B1: General construction rules for post-installed rebars

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



¹⁾ If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4ϕ , then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4ϕ .

The following applies to Figure B1:

- c concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- c_1 concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- $\min c$ minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
- ϕ diameter of post-installed rebar
- l_0 lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- l_v effective embedment depth, $\geq l_0 + c_1$
- d_0 nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 3

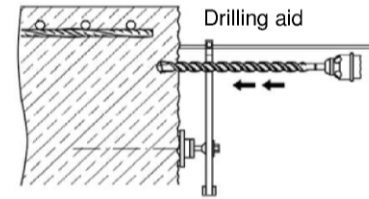
Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

Intended use

General construction rules for post-installed rebars

Annex B 2

Table B1: Minimum concrete cover $\min c^{1)}$ of post-installed rebar depending of drilling method



Drilling method	Rebar diameter	Without drilling aid	With drilling aid
Hammer drilling (HD)	< 25 mm	$30 \text{ mm} + 0,06 \cdot l_v \geq 2 \phi$	$30 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_v \geq 2 \phi$
	$\geq 25 \text{ mm}$	$40 \text{ mm} + 0,06 \cdot l_v \geq 2 \phi$	$40 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_v \geq 2 \phi$
Compressed air drilling (CD)	< 25 mm	$50 \text{ mm} + 0,08 \cdot l_v$	$50 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_v$
	$\geq 25 \text{ mm}$	$60 \text{ mm} + 0,08 \cdot l_v$	$60 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_v$
Diamond coring (DD)	< 25 mm	Drill stand used as drilling aid	$30 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_v \geq 2 \phi$
	$\geq 25 \text{ mm}$		$40 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_v \geq 2 \phi$

¹⁾ see Annexes B2, Figures B1
Comments: The minimum concrete cover acc. EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed

Table B2: Bore hole diameter and maximum embedment depth $l_{v,max}$

Bar size ϕ (mm)	Drill bit - \emptyset (mm)			Cartridge: side-by-side (385, 444, 585, 999, 1400 ml)	Cartridge: side-by-side (385, 444, 585 ml)	Cartridge: side-by-side (999, 1400 ml)
				Hand or battery tool	Pneumatic tool	Pneumatic tool
	HD	PD	DD	$l_{v,max}$ (mm)	$l_{v,max}$ (mm)	$l_{v,max}$ (mm)
8	12	-	12	700	800	800
10	14	-	14		1000	1000
12	16				1200	1200
14	18				1500	1400
16	20					1600
20	25	26	25		500	1000
22	28					
24	32					
25	32			700		
28	35					
32	40					
34	40			-		
36	45				500	
40	55	55	52			

Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

Intended use
Minimum concrete cover
Maximum embedment depth






Annex B 3

Table B3: Base material temperature, gelling time and curing time

Concrete temperature	Gelling- / working time ¹⁾	Minimum curing time in dry concrete	Minimum curing time in wet concrete
	t_{gel}	$t_{cure,dry}$	$t_{cure,wet}$
$\geq 5\text{ °C}$	120 min	50 h	100 h
$\geq + 10\text{ °C}$	90 min	30 h	60 h
$\geq + 20\text{ °C}$	30 min	10 h	20 h
$\geq + 30\text{ °C}$	20 min	6 h	12 h
$\geq + 40\text{ °C}$	12 min	4 h	8 h

¹⁾ t_{gel} : maximum time from starting of mortar injection to completing of rebar setting.

Table B4: Dispensing tools

Cartridge type/size	Hand tool		Pneumatic tool
Side-by-side cartridges 385, 444, 585 ml	 e.g. SA 296C585	 e.g. Type H 244 C	 e.g. Type TS 444 KX
Side-by-side cartridge 999 ml	-	-	 e.g. Type TS 4104
Side-by-side cartridge 1400 ml	-	-	 e.g. Type TS 471

All cartridges could also be extruded by a battery tool.

Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

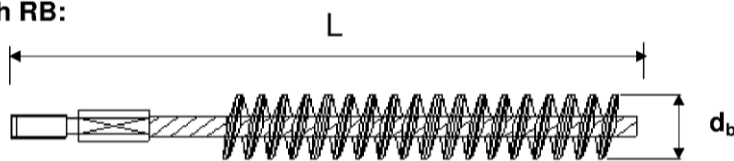
Intended use
Working time and curing times
Dispensing tools

Annex B 4

Table B5: Installation tools

Bar size ϕ	Drill and clean					Installation			
	Drill bit - \emptyset			Brush	min Brush - \emptyset	Air Nozzle	Piston plug	Mixer extension	Max embedment depth
	HD	PD	DD		$d_{b,min}$				l_v or $l_{e,ges}$
[mm]	[mm]			RB	[mm]	AN	VS	VL	[mm]
8	12	-	12	14	12,5	10	-	VL 10/0,75 or VL 16/1,8	800
10	14	-	14	16	14,5		14		1000
12	16			18	16,5	14	16		1200
14	18			20	18,5		18		1400
16	20			22	20,5	17	20		1600
20	25	-	25	27	25,5		25		2000
	-	26	-	27	26,5	25	2000		
22	28			30	28,5	27	28		2000
24	32			34	32,5		32		2000
25	32			34	32,5		32		2000
28	35			37	35,5		35		2000
32	40			42	40,5		40		2000
34	40			42	40,5	40	2000		
36	45			47	45,5	40	45	2000	
40	-	-	52	54	52,5		52	2000	
	55	55	-	58	55,5		55	2000	

Brush RB:



SDS Plus Adapter:



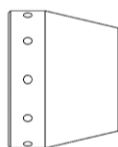
Rec. compressed air tool hand slide valve (min 6 bar)



Hand pump (volume 750 ml)



Air nozzle AN:



Brush extension:

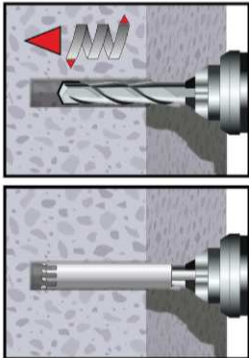


Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

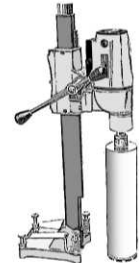
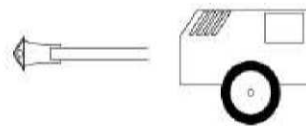
Intended use
Installation tools

Annex B 5

1) Bore hole drilling



1. Drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by the selected reinforcing bar with carbide hammer drill (HD), a compressed air drill (CD) or diamond core (DD). In case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar. Drill bit sizes see Table B5.



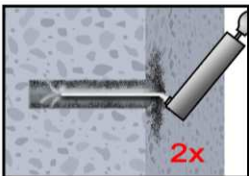
Hammer drilling (HD)

Compressed air drilling (CD)

Diamond coring (DD)

2a) Bore hole cleaning (HD and CD)

Attention! Standing water in the bore hole must be removed before cleaning.

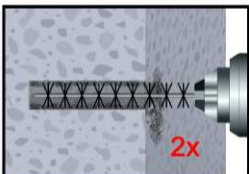


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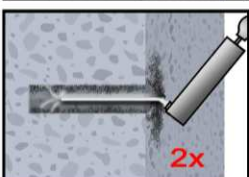


- 2a. Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow the hole clean with compressed air (min. 6 bar) or a hand pump a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.

For bore holes deeper than 240 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar **must** be used. For bore holes larger than 32 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar) and the appropriate air nozzle (see Table B5) **must** be used.



- 2b. Check brush diameter (Table B5) and attach the brush to a drilling machine or a battery screwdriver. Brush the hole with an appropriate sized wire brush $> d_{b,min}$ (Table B5) a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush extension shall be used.



or



- 2c. Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed air (min. 6 bar) or a hand pump a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.

For bore holes deeper than 240 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar **must** be used. For bore holes larger than 32 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar) and the appropriate air nozzle (see Table B5) **must** be used.

After cleaning, the bore hole has to be protected against re-contamination in an appropriate way, until dispensing the mortar in the bore hole. If necessary, the cleaning has to be repeated directly before dispensing the mortar. In-flowing water must not contaminate the bore hole again.

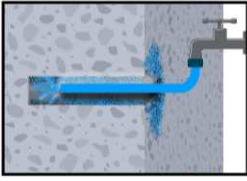
Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

Intended use

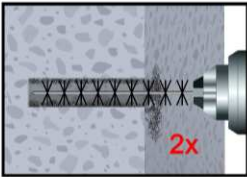
Installation instruction: Bore hole drilling and cleaning (HD and CD)

Annex B 6

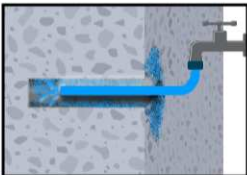
2b) Bore hole cleaning (DD)



2a. Rinsing with water until clear water comes out.

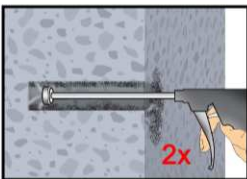


2b. Check brush diameter acc. Table B5 and attach the brush to a drilling machine or a battery screwdriver. Brush the hole with an appropriate sized wire brush $> d_{b,min}$ (Table B5) a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush extension shall be used (Table B5).

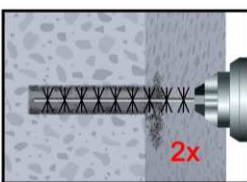


2c. Rinsing again with water until clear water comes out.

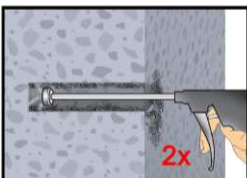
Attention! Standing water in the bore hole must be removed before cleaning.



2d. Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow the hole clean with compressed air (min. 6 bar) with the appropriate air nozzle (see Table B5) a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.



2e. Check brush diameter (Table B5) and attach the brush to a drilling machine or a battery screwdriver. Brush the hole with an appropriate sized wire brush $> d_{b,min}$ (Table B5) a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush extension shall be used.



2f. Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed air (min. 6 bar) with the appropriate air nozzle (see Table B5) a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.

After cleaning, the bore hole has to be protected against re-contamination in an appropriate way, until dispensing the mortar in the bore hole. If necessary, the cleaning has to be repeated directly before dispensing the mortar. In-flowing water must not contaminate the bore hole again.

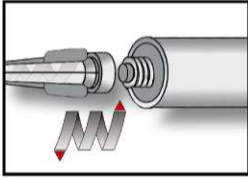
Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

Intended Use

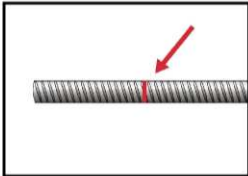
Installation instruction: Bore hole cleaning (DD)

Annex B 7

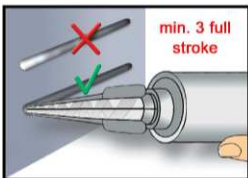
3) Preparation of bar and cartridge



- 3a. Attach the supplied static-mixing nozzle to the cartridge and load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool.
For every working interruption longer than the recommended working time (Table B3) as well as for every new cartridges, a new static-mixer shall be used.

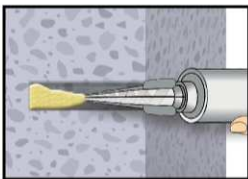


- 3b. Prior to inserting the reinforcing bar into the filled bore hole, the position of the embedment depth shall be marked (e.g. with tape) on the reinforcing bar and insert bar in empty hole to verify hole and depth l_v .
The anchor should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.

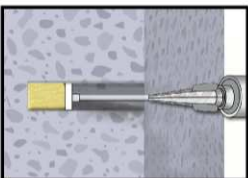


- 3c. Prior to dispensing into the anchor hole, squeeze out separately the mortar until it shows a consistent grey or red colour, but a minimum of three full strokes, and discard non-uniformly mixed adhesive components.

4) Filling the bore hole

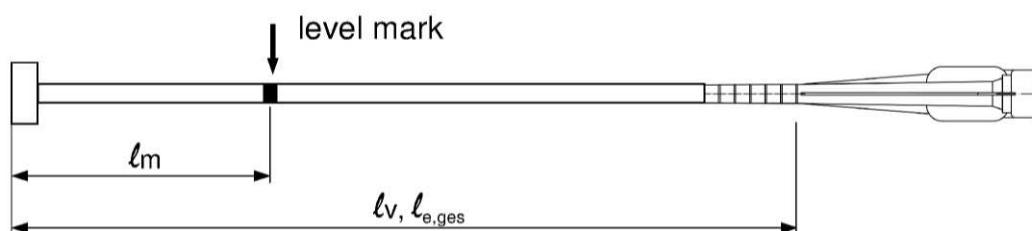


4. Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned anchor hole fill the hole up to approximately two-thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedment larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle shall be used.



For overhead and horizontal installation and bore holes deeper than 240 mm a piston plug and the appropriate mixer extension must be used.

Observe the gel-/ working times given in Table B3.



Injection tool must be marked by mortar level mark l_m and anchorage depth l_v resp. $l_{e,ges}$ with tape or marker.

Quick estimation: $l_m = 1/3 \cdot l_v$

Continue injection until the mortar level mark l_m becomes visible.

Optimum mortar volume: $l_m = l_v \text{ resp. } l_{e,ges} \cdot \left(1,2 \cdot \frac{\phi^2}{d_0^2} - 0,2 \right)$ [mm]

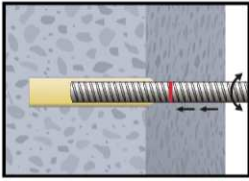
Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

Intended Use

Installation instruction: Preparation of bar and cartridge
Filling the bore hole

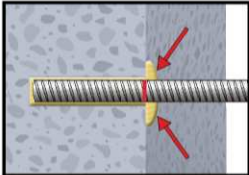
Annex B 8

5) Setting the rebar

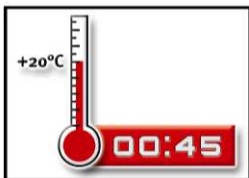


- 5a. Push the reinforcing bar into the anchor hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached.

The bar should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.



- 5b. Be sure that the bar is inserted in the bore hole until the embedment mark is at the concrete surface and that excess mortar is visible at the top of the hole. If these requirements are not maintained, the application has to be renewed. For horizontal and overhead installation fix embedded part (e.g. with wedges).



- 5c. Observe gelling time t_{gel} . Attend that the gelling time can vary according to the base material temperature (see Table B3). It is not allowed to move the bar after gelling time t_{gel} has elapsed. Allow the adhesive to cure to the specified time prior to applying any load. Do not move or load the bar until it is fully cured (attend Table B3). After full curing time t_{cure} has elapsed, the add-on part can be installed.

Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

Intended Use

Installation instruction: Inserting rebar

Annex B 9

Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length $\ell_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $\ell_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 ($\ell_{b,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and $\ell_{0,min}$ acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiply by the amplification factor α_{lb} according to Table C1.

Table C1: Amplification factor related to concrete class and drilling method

Concrete class	Drilling method	Bar size	Amplification factor α_{lb}
C12/15 to C50/60	Hammer drilling (HD) and compressed air drilling (CD)	8 mm to 32 mm	1,0
C12/15 to C50/60	Hammer drilling (HD) and compressed air drilling (CD)	> 32 mm	1,5
C12/15 to C50/60	Diamond coring (DD)	8 mm to 40 mm	1,5

Table C2: Design values of the ultimate bond resistance f_{bd} in N/mm² for hammer (HD) and compressed air drilling (CD) methods for good conditions
according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 for good bond conditions
(for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0.7)

Rebar - \emptyset	Concrete class								
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
ϕ									
8 to 32 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3
34 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,9	4,2
36 mm	1,5	1,9	2,2	2,6	2,9	3,3	3,6	3,8	4,1
40 mm	1,5	1,8	2,1	2,5	2,8	3,1	3,4	3,7	4,0

Table C3: Design values of the ultimate bond resistance f_{bd} in N/mm² for Diamond coring (DD) method for good conditions
according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 for good bond conditions
(for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0.7)

Rebar - \emptyset	Concrete class								
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
ϕ									
8 to 28 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3
32 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7					
34 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,6					
36 mm	1,5	1,9	2,2	2,6					
40 mm	1,5	1,8	2,1	2,5					

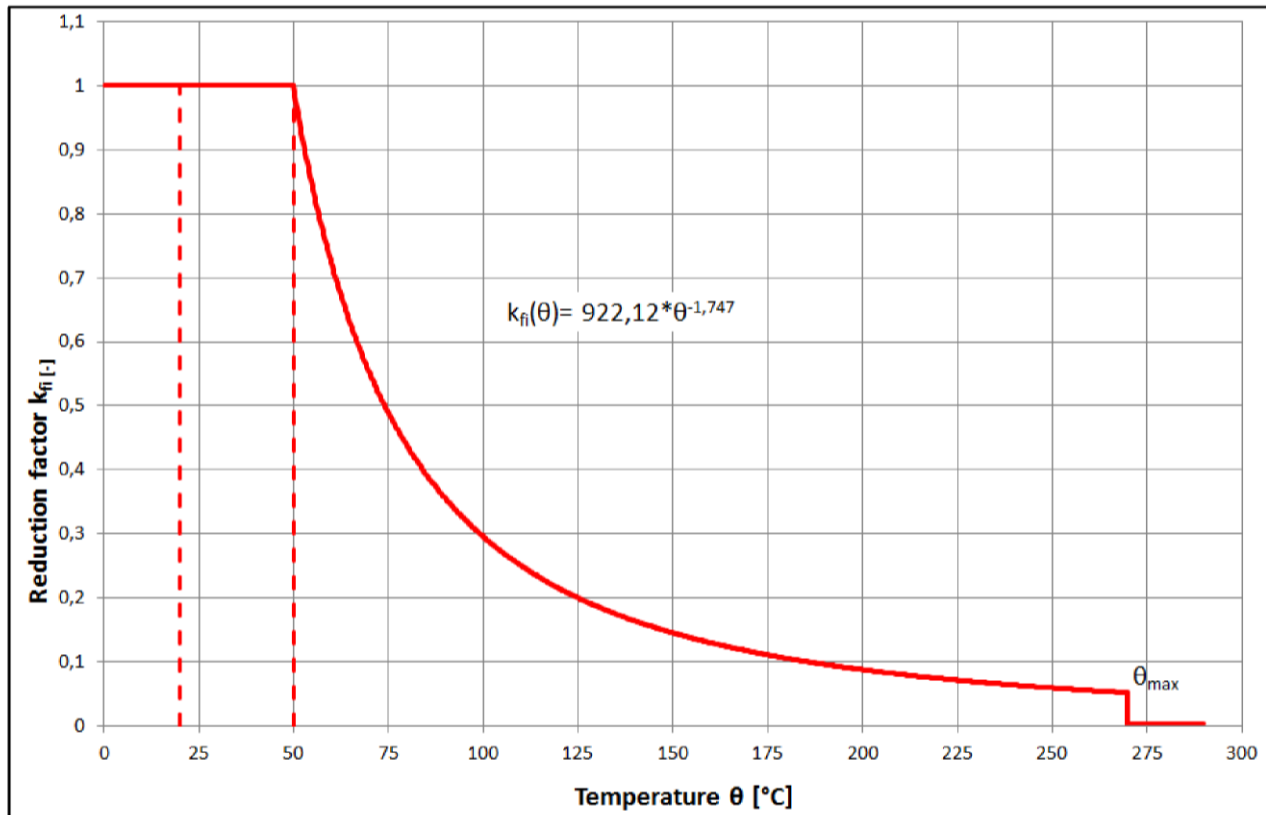
Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

Performances
Amplification factor
Design values of ultimate bond resistance f_{bd}

Annex C 1

Reduction factor $k_{fi}(\theta)$ for design in case of fire (all drilling methods)

according to EN 1992-1-2:2004 + AC:2008



$$k_{fi}(\theta) = a \cdot \theta^b \quad \text{with } a = 922,12 \text{ and } b = -1,747$$

$$k_{fi}(\theta) < 1 \quad \text{for } 50^\circ\text{C} \leq \theta \leq 270^\circ\text{C}$$

$$k_{fi}(\theta) = 0 \quad \text{for } \theta > 270^\circ\text{C}$$

Design value of the bond strength $f_{bd,fi}$ under fire exposure

The design value of the bond strength $f_{bd,fi}$ under fire exposure will be calculated by the following equation:

$$f_{bd,fi} = k_{fi}(\theta) \cdot f_{bd} \cdot \gamma_c / \gamma_{M,fi}$$

with:

- $k_{fi}(\theta)$... Reduction factor under fire exposure, see Figure C4
- f_{bd} ... Design value of the bond strength according to Table C2 or C3
- $\gamma_c = 1,5$... recommended safety factor according to EN 1992-1-1
- $\gamma_{M,fi}$... safety factor according to EN 1992-1-2 under fire exposure

Mungo Injection System MIT600RE for rebar connection

Performances

Reduction factor $k_{fi}(\theta)$ for design in case of fire

Annex C 2



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Number / version

ETA Number	12/0546
Version	1
Date of issue	13/12/2016

Product

Trade name	Mungo injection system MIT 600RE for rebar connection
Generic type and use	Systems for post-installed rebar connections with mortar

Holder / Manufacturer.

Holder of assessment	MUNGO Befestigungstechnik AG
Holder Address	Bornfeldstrasse 2
Holder Postal code	CH – 4603
Holder City	OLTEN
Holder Country	Switzerland
Manufacturing plant	Mungo Befestigungstechnik AG, Plant1 Germany

Technical Assessment Body

Issuing TAB	DIBt
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Assessment basis

Reference number	EAD 330087-00-0601
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AVCP

EU decision number (OJEU)	1996/0582/EC
System	1